1	H. B. 4102
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3 4 5	(By Delegates Morgan, Stephens, Hall, Hatfield, Hartman, Howell, Nelson, Snuffer, Staggers and Swartzmiller)
6	[Introduced January 17, 2012; referred to the
7	Committee on Government Organization then the Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to repeal §11-12-86 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as
11	amended; to repeal $$29-3-23$ , $$29-3-24$ , $$29-3-25$ and $$29-3-26$
12	of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto a new
13	article, designated \$29-3E-1, \$29-3E-2, \$29-3E-3, \$29-3E-4,
14	\$29-3E-5, \$29-3E-6, \$29-3E-7, \$29-3E-8, \$29-3E-9, \$29-3E-10,
15	§29-3E-11, §29-3E-12 and §29-3E-13; to amend and reenact
16	\$61-3E-1 and $$61-3E-11$ of said code, all relating to the
17	regulation of fireworks; defining terms; setting forth the
18	State Fire Marshal's authority; requiring a registration,
19	certification or permit; establishing the requirements for a
20	registration, certification and permit; establishing a special
21	revenue account; setting forth the State Fire Marshal's
22	rule-making authority; providing authority to investigate
23	complaints; providing administrative fines; and providing
24	criminal penalties.

25 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- 1 That \$11-12-86 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
- 2 be repealed; that \$29-3-23, \$29-3-24, \$29-3-25 and \$29-3-26 of said
- 3 code be repealed; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new
- 4 article, designated \$29-3E-1, \$29-3E-2, \$29-3E-3, \$29-3E-4,
- 5 \$29-3E-5, \$29-3E-6, \$29-3E-7, \$29-3E-8, \$29-3E-9, \$29-3E-10,
- 6 \$29-3E-11, \$29-3E-12 and \$29-3E-13; that \$61-3E-1 and \$61-3E-11 of
- 7 said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
- 8 CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.
- 9 ARTICLE 3E. FIREWORKS SAFETY.
- 10 §29-3E-1. Unlawful Acts.
- It is unlawful for a person to manufacture, wholesale,
- 12 distribute, import, sell or store consumer fireworks, sparkling
- 13 devices, novelties or toy caps without a license, registration,
- 14 certificate or permit from the State Fire Marshal.
- 15 **§29-3E-2**. **Definitions**.
- 16 As used in this article:
- 17 (1) "Agricultural and wildlife fireworks" means fireworks
- 18 devices distributed to farmers, ranchers, and growers through a
- 19 wildlife management program administered by the United States
- 20 Department of the Interior or the Department of Natural Resources
- 21 of this state.
- 22 (2) "APA Standard 87-1" means the APA Standard 87-1 published
- 23 by the American Pyrotechnics Association of Bethesda, Maryland, as

- 1 amended, and incorporated by reference into Title 49 of the Code of
- 2 Federal Regulations.
- 3 (3) "Articles pyrotechnic" means pyrotechnic devices for
- 4 professional use that are similar to consumer fireworks in chemical
- 5 composition and construction but not intended for consumer use,
- 6 that meet the weight limits for consumer fireworks but are not
- 7 <u>labeled as such</u>, and that are classified as UN0431 or UN0432 under
- 8 49 C.F.R. 172.101.
- 9 (4) "Consumer fireworks" means small fireworks devices that
- 10 are designed to produce visible effects by combustion and that are
- 11 required to comply with the construction, chemical composition and
- 12 labeling regulations promulgated by the United States Consumer
- 13 Product Safety Commission under 16 C.F.R. Parts 1500 and 1507, and
- 14 that are listed in APA Standard 87-1. Consumer fireworks do not
- 15 include sparkling devices, novelties and toy caps.
- 16 (5) "Consumer fireworks certificate" is a certificate issued
- 17 under section five of this article.
- 18 (6) "Display fireworks" means large fireworks to be used
- 19 solely by professional pyrotechnicians licensed by the State Fire
- 20 Marshal and designed primarily to produce visible or audible
- 21 effects by combustion, deflagration or detonation and includes, but
- 22 is not limited to, salutes containing more than two grains (one
- 23 hundred thirty milligrams) of explosive materials, aerial shells
- 24 containing more than forty grams of pyrotechnic compositions and

- 1 other display pieces that exceed the limits of explosive materials
- 2 for classification as consumer fireworks and are classified as
- 3 fireworks UN0333, UN0334, or UN0335 under 49 C.F.R. §172.101.
- 4 (7) "Distributor" means a person who sells fireworks to
- 5 wholesalers and retailers for resale.
- 6 (8) "Division 1.3 explosive" means that term as defined in 49
- 7 C.F.R. §173.50.
- 8 (9) "Division 1.4 explosive" means that term as defined in 49
- 9 C.F.R. §173.50.
- 10 (10) "Explosive composition" means a chemical or mixture of
- 11 chemicals that produces an audible effect by deflagration or
- 12 detonation when ignited.
- 13 (11) "Fire Marshal" means the State Fire Marshal.
- 14 (12) "Firework" or "fireworks" means any composition or device
- 15 designed for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect
- 16 by combustion, deflagration or detonation. Fireworks include
- 17 consumer fireworks, display fireworks and special effects.
- 18 Fireworks does not include sparkling devices, novelties and toy
- 19 caps.
- 20 <u>(13)</u> "Interstate wholesaler" means a person who is engaged in
- 21 interstate commerce selling fireworks.
- 22 (14) "New explosive" means that term as defined in 49 C.F.R.
- 23 §173.56.
- 24 (15) "Novelties" as defined under APA standard 87-1 3.2.

- 1 (16) "Person" means an individual, or the responsible person
- 2 for an association, an organization, a partnership, a limited
- 3 partnership, a limited liability company, a corporation, or any
- 4 other group or combination acting as a unit.
- 5 (17) "Pyrotechnic composition" means a mixture of chemicals
- 6 that produces a visible or audible effect by combustion rather than
- 7 deflagration or detonation. A pyrotechnic composition will not
- 8 explode upon ignition unless severely confined.
- 9 (18) "Retailer" means a person who purchases consumer
- 10 fireworks for resale to consumers.
- 11 (19) "Sparkling devices" means "ground or handheld sparkling
- 12 devices" as that phrase is defined under APA 87-1, 3.1.1 and 3.5.
- 13 (20) "Special effects" means a combination of chemical
- 14 elements or chemical compounds capable of burning independently of
- 15 the oxygen of the atmosphere and designed and intended to produce
- 16 an audible, visual, mechanical, or thermal effect as an integral
- 17 part of a motion picture, radio, television, theatrical, or opera
- 18 production or live entertainment.
- 19 (21) "Toy Caps" means as defined under APA 87-1 3.3.
- 20 (22) "Wholesaler" means any person who sells consumer
- 21 fireworks to a retailer or any other person for resale and any
- 22 person who sells articles of pyrotechnics, display fireworks, and
- 23 special effects to a person licensed to possess and use those
- 24 devices.

## 1 §29-3E-3. Production or transportation of fireworks.

- 2 A person may produce or transport a firework that is a new
- 3 explosive and that is either a division 1.3 or division 1.4
- 4 explosive if the person first meets the requirements of 49 C.F.R.
- 5 §173.56(2)(j).

# 6 §29-3E-4. Sparkling Devices, novelties and toy caps registration

- 7 required.
- 8 (a) A retailer may not sell sparkling devices, novelties or
- 9 toy caps without being registered with the State Fire Marshal.
- 10 (b) To be registered with the State Fire Marshal, the retailer
- 11 shall:
- 12 (1) Submit an application to the State Fire Marshal;
- 13 (2) Provide a copy of his or her current business registration
- 14 certificate;
- 15 (3) Pay the required fee; and
- 16 (4) Provide other information as the Fire Marshal may require
- 17 by legislative rule.
- 18 © A registration is valid for the calendar year or any
- 19 fraction thereof and expires on December 31 of each year.
- 20 (d) A registration is not transferable.
- 21 (e) A retailer shall post the registration at a conspicuous
- 22 place at the location of the business.
- 23 (f) A separate registration is required for each location.
- 24 (q) The requirements of NFPA 1124 do not apply to a retailer

- 1 only selling sparkling devices, novelties or toy caps.
- 2 §29-3E-5. Consumer fireworks certificate required.
- 3 (a) A retailer may not sell consumer fireworks unless the
- 4 <u>retailer is certified under this article:</u>
- 5 (b) To be certified to sell consumer fireworks a retailer
- 6 shall:
- 7 (1) Submit an application to the State Fire Marshal;
- 8 (2) Provide a copy of his or her current business registration
- 9 certificate;
- 10 (3) Provide the required fee; and
- 11 (4) Provide other information as the Fire Marshal may require
- 12 by legislative rule.
- 13 © A consumer fireworks certificate is valid from October 1
- 14 through September 30 of each year or any fraction thereof and
- 15 expires on September 30 of each year.
- 16 (d) A consumer fireworks certificate is not transferable.
- 17 (e) A retailer shall post the certificate at a conspicuous
- 18 place at the location of the business.
- 19 (f) A separate certificate is required for each location.
- 20 (q) A certificate holder may also sell sparklers and novelties
- 21 at the same location without obtaining an additional sparklers and
- 22 novelties certificate.
- 23 (h) A retailer who sells consumer fireworks shall comply with
- 24 the regulations provided in NFPA 1124. The State Fire Marshal may,

- 1 by legislative rule, add to the regulations established in NFPA
- 2 1124.
- 3 §29-3E-6. Required permit for public fireworks display.
- 4 (a) A municipality, county, fair association, amusement park,
- 5 and other organizations shall have a permit to present a supervised
- 6 display of fireworks from the State Fire Marshal.
- 7 (b) To receive a permit, a municipality, fair association,
- 8 amusement park, and other organizations shall:
- 9 (1) Submit an application to the State Fire Marshal;
- 10 (2) Pay the required fee;
- 11 (3) Furnish proof of financial responsibility to satisfy
- 12 claims for damages to property or personal injuries arising out of
- 13 any act or omission on the part of the person or an employee
- 14 thereof, in the amount, character and form as State Fire Marshal
- 15 determines to be necessary for the protection of the public; and
- 16 (4) Provide other information as the Fire Marshal may require
- 17 by legislative rule.
- 18 © The State Fire Marshal may require approval of the local
- 19 police and fire authorities of the community where the display is
- 20 proposed to be held.
- 21 (d) A permit is not transferable.
- (e) The display shall be handled by a competent operator
- 23 licensed or certified as to competency by the State Fire Marshal
- 24 and shall be of such composition, character, and so located,

- 1 discharged or fired so as to be safe in the opinion of the chief of
- 2 the fire department.
- 3 (f) The permittee shall require a bond from the licensee in a
- 4 sum not less than \$1,000 conditioned on compliance with the
- 5 provisions of this article and the rules of the State Fire Marshal
- 6 except where the licensee is a municipality.

# 7 §29-3E-7. Fireworks safety fee imposed.

- 8 (a) A user fee of six cents on the dollar of sales, known as
- 9 the fireworks safety fee, is levied on retail sales in this state
- 10 of consumer fireworks. The fee computation under shall be carried
- 11 to the third decimal place, and the tax rounded up to the next
- 12 whole cent whenever the third decimal place is greater than four
- 13 and rounded down to the lower whole cent whenever the third decimal
- 14 place is four or less.
- 15 (b) A person who acquires consumer fireworks in a retail
- 16 transaction is liable for the fireworks safety fee on the
- 17 transaction and, except as otherwise provided in this article,
- 18 shall pay the fireworks safety fee to the retailer as a separate
- 19 added amount to the consideration in the transaction:
- 20 © The retailer shall collect the fireworks safety fee as an
- 21 agent for the state and pay it over to the State Treasurer.
- 22 (d) The fireworks safety fee shall be deposited in the State
- 23 Fire Commission's special account established in subsection ©,
- 24 section twelve-b, article three of this chapter.

## 1 §29-3E-8. Rule-making Authority.

- 2 (a) The State Fire Marshal shall propose rules for legislative
- 3 approval, in accordance with the provisions of article three,
- 4 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement the provisions of
- 5 this article, including:
- 6 (1) Adopting by reference the most recent edition of APA
- 7 Standard 87-1;
- 8 (2) Adopting by reference the most recent edition of NFPA
- 9 1123, code for fireworks display;
- 10 (3) Adopting by reference the most recent edition of NFPA
- 11 1124, code for the manufacture, transportation, storage and retail
- 12 sales of fireworks and pyrotechnic articles;
- 13 (4) Adopting by reference the most recent edition of NFPA
- 14 1126, standard for the use of pyrotechnics before a proximate
- 15 audience, as promulgated by the State Fire Commission;
- 16 (5) Procedures for the issuance and renewal of a registration,
- 17 certificate and permit;
- 18 (6) A fee schedule;
- (7) Establishing insurance or bond requirements
- 20 (8) Establishing additional criteria for the granting of a
- 21 registration, certificate, or permit under this article; and
- 22 (9) Registering manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors;
- 23 **§29-3E-9**. Exemptions from article.
- 24 This article does not prohibit any of the following:

- 1 (1) The use of fireworks by railroads or other transportation
- 2 agencies for signal purposes or illumination;
- 3 (2) The use of agricultural or wildlife fireworks;
- 4 (3) The sale or use of blank cartridges for a theatrical
- 5 performance, use by military organizations or signal or ceremonial
- 6 purposes in athletics or sports; or
- 7 (4) The possession, sale, or disposal of fireworks incidental
- 8 to the public display of fireworks by wholesalers or other persons
- 9 who have a permit to possess, store, and sell explosives from the
- 10 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives of the United
- 11 States Department of Justice and the State Fire Marshal.
- 12 §29-3E-10. Local municipalities' regulation of consumer fireworks.
- 13 This article does not affect the right of the governing body
- 14 of a municipality to prohibit the use of consumer fireworks within
- 15 its boundaries.
- 16 §29-3E-11. Violations of this article.
- 17 (a) A person may not ignite, discharge or use consumer
- 18 fireworks sparking devices, novelties or toy caps on public or
- 19 private property without the express permission of the owner to do
- 20 so.
- 21 (b) A person may not ignite or discharge any fireworks,
- 22 sparking devices, novelties or toy caps within or throw the same
- 23 from a motor vehicle.
- © A person may not ignite or discharge any fireworks, sparking

- 1 devices, novelties or toy caps into or at a motor vehicle, or at or
- 2 near any person or group of people.
- 3 (d) A person who is less than sixteen years of age may not
- 4 purchase, nor offer for sale, consumer fireworks.
- 5 §29-3E-12. Administrative fines; criminal penalties.
- 6 Any person who violates this article or any rules promulgated
- 7 pursuant to section eight of this article is guilty of a
- 8 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more
- 9 than one \$1,000 or confined in the regional jail not more than
- 10 <u>ninety days</u>, or both.
- 11 §29-3E-13. Seizures by State Fire Marshal; enforcement of law.
- 12 (a) The State Fire Marshal shall seize, take, remove and
- 13 dispose of at public auction or destroy, or cause to be seized,
- 14 taken or removed and disposed of at public auction, or destroyed at
- 15 the expense of the owner, all stocks of fireworks or combustibles
- 16 offered or exposed for sale, stored or <u>held in violation of this</u>
- 17 article o<u>r legislative rule.</u>
- 18 (b) The West Virginia State Police, sheriffs, municipal
- 19 policemen and other law-enforcement officers shall assist in the
- 20 enforcement of this article.
- 21 CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.
- 22 ARTICLE 3E. OFFENSES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVES.
- 23 §61-3E-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 2 requires:
- 3 (a) "Destructive device" means any bomb, grenade, mine,
  4 rocket, missile, pipebomb or similar device containing an
  5 explosive, incendiary, explosive gas or expanding gas which is
  6 designed or so constructed as to explode by such filler and is
  7 capable of causing bodily harm or property damage; any combination
  8 of parts, either designed or intended for use in converting any
  9 device into a destructive device and from which a destructive
  10 device may be readily assembled.
- "Destructive device" does not include a firearm as such is
  12 defined in section two, article seven of this chapter, model
  13 rockets and their components as defined in this section,
  14 twenty-three, article three, chapter twenty-nine of this code, or
  15 fireworks or high power rockets and their components as defined in
  16 this section.
- 17 (b) "Explosive material" means any chemical compound,
  18 mechanical mixture or device that is commonly used or can be used
  19 for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any
  20 oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in such
  21 proportions, quantities or packaging that an ignition by fire, by
  22 friction, by concussion, by percussion, by detonator or by any part
  23 of the compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly
  24 heated gases. These materials include, but are not limited to,

- 1 powders for blasting, high or low explosives, blasting materials,
  2 blasting agents, blasting emulsions, blasting fuses other than
  3 electric circuit breakers, detonators, blasting caps and other
  4 detonating agents and black or smokeless powders not manufactured
  5 or used for lawful sporting purposes. or fireworks defined in
  6 section twenty-three, article three, chapter twenty-nine of this
  7 code which are not used in violation of this article. Also
  8 included are all explosive materials listed annually by the office
  9 of the state Fire Marshal and published in the State Register, said
- © "High Power Rocket" is defined as in National Fire
  Protection Association Standard 1127, "Code for High Power
  Rocketry."

10 publication being hereby mandated.

- (d) "Hoax bomb" means any device or object that by its design,
  15 construction, content or characteristics appears to be, or is
  16 represented to be or to contain a destructive device, explosive
  17 material or incendiary device as defined in this section, but is,
  18 in fact, an inoperative facsimile or imitation of such a
  19 destructive device, explosive material or incendiary device.
- (e) "Incendiary device" means a container containing gasoline,
  21 kerosene, fuel oil, or derivative thereof, or other flammable or
  22 combustible material, having a wick or other substance or device
  23 which, if set or ignited, is capable of igniting such gasoline,
  24 kerosene, fuel oil, or derivative thereof, or other flammable or

- 1 combustible material: Provided, That no similar device
- 2 commercially manufactured and used solely for the purpose of
- 3 illumination shall be deemed to be an incendiary device.
- 4 (f) "Legal authority" means that right as expressly stated by 5 statute or law.
- 6 (g) "Model rocket" is defined as in National Fire Protection
- 7 Association Standard 1122, "Code for Model Rocketry."
- 8 (h) "Person" shall mean means an individual, corporation,
  9 company, association, firm, partnership, society or joint stock
  10 company.
- 11 (I) "Storage magazine" is defined to mean any building or 12 structure, other than an explosives manufacturing building,
- 13 approved by the State Fire Marshal for the storage of explosive
- 14 materials.

# 15 **§61-3E-11**. **Exemptions**.

- 16 (a) Unless specifically prohibited by any provision of this
- 17 code or the laws of the United States, nothing in this article
- 18 shall prohibit prohibits the authorized manufacture, sale,
- 19 transportation, distribution, use or possession of any explosive
- 20 material by any person holding a permit for such issued by the
- 21 Office of the State Fire Marshal. Any person performing a lawful
- 22 activity pursuant to or regulated by the terms of a permit issued
- 23 by the Division of Environmental Protection, or any office thereof,
- 24 shall be is exempt from the provisions of this article.

(b) Unless specifically prohibited by any other provision of 1 2 this code or the laws of the United States, nothing in this section 3 <del>shall prohibit</del> prohibits the authorized manufacture, 4 transportation, distribution, use or possession of any explosive, 5 destructive device or incendiary device by a member of the Armed 6 Forces or law-enforcement officers whenever such persons are acting 7 lawfully and in the line of duty; nor shall it prohibit the 8 manufacture, transportation, distribution, use or possession of any 9 explosive material, destructive device or incendiary device to be 10 used solely for lawful scientific research or lawful educational 11 purposes. Any person engaged in otherwise lawful blasting 12 activities failing to obtain a permit or in possession of an 13 expired permit issued by the office of the State Fire Marshal shall 14 not be construed to be is not in violation of the article.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to revise, consolidate and codify laws relating to the purchase, possession, sale and use of fireworks in this state. The bill defines terms. The bill sets forth the State Fire Marshal's authority. The bill requires a registration, certification or permit for fireworks. The bill establishes the requirements for a registration, certification and permit. The bill also establishes a special revenue account. The bill further sets forth the State Fire Marshal's rule-making authority. The bill provides authority to investigate complaints, administrative fines and criminal penalties.

O Nothing contained in this article applies to the sale,

16 purchase, possession, use, transportation or storage of fireworks

17 as regulated in article three-e, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

15

\$29-3E-1, \$29-3E-2, \$29-3E-3, \$29-3E-4, \$29-3E-5, \$29-3E-6, \$29-3E-7, \$29-3E-8, \$29-3E-9, \$29-3E-10, \$29-3E-11, \$29-3E-12 and \$29-3E-13 are new; therefore, they been completely underscored.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.